

Haynes Hastelloy® G-35® Nickel Alloy Gas Tungsten Arc Welded (GTAW) Plate

Category: Metal, Nonferrous Metal, Nickel Alloy

Material Notes:

Known for its corrosion performance, HASTELLOY® G-35® alloy was designed to resist "wet process†phosphoric acid, which is widely used in the production of fertilizers. Tests indicate that it is far superior to HASTELLOY® G-30® alloy and stainless steels, in this chemical. It was also designed to resist localized attack in the presence of chlorides, since under-deposit attack is a potential problem in evaporators used to concentrate "wet process†phosphoric acid. As a result of its high-chromium content, G-35 alloy is extremely resistant to other oxidizing acids, such as nitric, and mixtures containing nitric acid. It possesses moderate resistance to reducing acids, as a result of its appreciable molybdenum content, and, unlike other nickel-chromium-molybdenum alloys, it is very resistant to "caustic dealloying†in hot sodium hydroxide. Finally, G-35 alloy is much less susceptible to chloride-induced stress corrosion cracking than the high chromium stainless steels and nickel-chromium-iron alloys traditionally used in "wet process†phosphoric acid. G-35 alloy is available in the form of plate, sheet, strip, billet, bar, wire, covered electrodes, pipe, and tubing. Potential Applications: "Wet processâ€ phosphoric acid evaporators. Pickling in nitric and hydrofluoric acids. Chemical process industry systems involving nitric and chlorides. Caustic neutralizing systems. Systems requiring resistance to high temperature corrosion at 800-1200°F.G-35 alloy is covered by ASME, ASTM, and DIN specifications. Welding: The weldability of G-35 alloy is similar to that of C-276 alloy. To weld G-35 alloy, three processes are commonly used. For sheet welds and plate root passes, gas tungsten arc (GTAW) welding is favored. For plate welds, the gas metal arc (GMAW) process is preferred. For field welding, the shielded metal arc process, using coated electrodes, is favored. Submerged arc welding is not recommended as this process is characterized by high heat input to the base metal and slow cooling of the weld. To minimize the precipitation of second phases in regions affected by the heat of welding, a maximum interpass temperature of 93°C (200°F) is recommended for G-35 alloy. Also, welding of cold-worked materials is strongly discouraged, since they sensitize more quickly and induce residual stresses. A full solution anneal, followed by water quenching, is recommended for cold-worked structures, prior to welding. Joining Base Metal Preparation: The joint surface and adjacent area should be thoroughly cleaned before welding. All grease, oil crayon marks, sulfur compounds, and other foreign matter should be removed. Filler Metal Selections: For gas tungsten arc and gas metal arc welding, G-35 filler wire is suggested. For shielded metal arc welding, G-35 covered electrodes are suggested. Heat Treatment: Wrought forms of HASTELLOY G-35 alloy are furnished in the solution annealed condition, unless otherwise specified. The standard solution annealing treatment consists of heating to 1121°C (2050°F) followed by rapid air-cooling or water quenching. Parts which have been hot formed should be solution annealed prior to final fabrication or installation. Forming: G-35 alloy has excellent forming characteristics, and cold forming is the preferred method of shaping. The alloy can be easily cold worked due to its good ductility. The alloy is generally stiffer than the austenitic stainless steels; therefore, more energy is required during cold forming. Tensile properties reported are for transverse gas tungsten arc welded plate specimens. Other properties are typical of the alloy. Data provided by the manufacturer, Haynes International, Inc.

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Physical Properties	Metric	English	Comments
Density	8.22 g/cc	0.297 lb/in³	

Mechanical Properties	Metric	English	Comments	



Mechanical Properties	448 MPa Metric	65000 osi English	Comments
rensile Strength, Ordinate	@Thickness 12.7 mm, Temperature 538 °C	@Thickness 0.500 in, Temperature 1000 °F	
	545 MPa	79000 psi	
	@Thickness 12.7 mm, Temperature 260 °C	@Thickness 0.500 in, Temperature 500 °F	
	696 MPa	101000 psi	
	@Thickness 12.7 mm, Temperature 25.0 °C	@Thickness 0.500 in, Temperature 77.0 °F	
	249 MPa	36100 psi	
Tensile Strength, Yield	@Thickness 12.7 mm, Temperature 538 °C	@Thickness 0.500 in, Temperature 1000 °F	0.2% Offset
	310 MPa	45000 psi	
	@Thickness 12.7 mm, Temperature 260 °C	@Thickness 0.500 in, Temperature 500 °F	0.2% Offset
	438 MPa	63500 psi	
	@Thickness 12.7 mm, Temperature 25.0 °C	@Thickness 0.500 in, Temperature 77.0 °F	0.2% Offset
	37 %	37 %	
Elongation at Break	@Thickness 12.7 mm, Temperature 538 °C	@Thickness 0.500 in, Temperature 1000 °F	
	40 %	40 %	
	@Thickness 12.7 mm, Temperature 260 °C	@Thickness 0.500 in, Temperature 500 °F	
	44 %	44 %	
	@Thickness 12.7 mm, Temperature 25.0 °C	@Thickness 0.500 in, Temperature 77.0 °F	
	170 GPa	24700 ksi	
Modulus of Elasticity	@Temperature 649 °C	@Temperature 1200 °F	Dynamic
	177 GPa	25700 ksi	
	@Temperature 538 °C	@Temperature 1000 °F	Dynamic
	183 GPa	26500 ksi	Dynamic
	@Temperature 427 °C	@Temperature 801 °F	Dynamic
	189 GPa	27400 ksi	Dynamic
	@Temperature 316 °C	@Temperature 601 °F	Бупаппс



Mechanical Properties	Metric	English si	Comments
	@Temperature 25.0 °C	@Temperature 77.0 °F	bynamic

Thermal Properties	Metric	English	Comments
	12.3 Âμm/m-°C	6.83 Âμin/in-°F	
CTE, linear	@Temperature 21.0 - 100 °C	@Temperature 69.8 - 212 °F	
	12.6 Âμm/m-°C	7.00 Âμin/in-°F	
	@Temperature 21.0 - 200 °C	@Temperature 69.8 - 392 °F	
	13.2 Âμm/m-°C	7.33 µin/in-°F	
	@Temperature 21.0 - 300 °C	@Temperature 69.8 - 572 °F	
	13.4 Âμm/m-°C	7.44 Âμin/in-°F	
	@Temperature 21.0 - 400 °C	@Temperature 69.8 - 752 °F	
	13.6 Âμm/m-°C	7.56 Âμin/in-°F	
	@Temperature 21.0 - 500 °C	@Temperature 69.8 - 932 °F	
	14.4 Âμm/m-°C	8.00 Âμin/in-°F	
	@Temperature 21.0 - 600 °C	@Temperature 69.8 - 1110 °F	
	0.450 J/g-°C	0.108 BTU/lb-°F	
Specific Heat Capacity	@Temperature 25.0 °C	@Temperature 77.0 °F	
	0.470 J/g-°C	0.112 BTU/lb-°F	
	@Temperature 100 °C	@Temperature 212 °F	
	0.490 J/g-°C	0.117 BTU/lb-°F	
	@Temperature 200 °C	@Temperature 392 °F	
	0.510 J/g-°C	0.122 BTU/lb-°F	
	@Temperature 300 °C	@Temperature 572 °F	
	0.530 J/g-°C	0.127 BTU/lb-°F	
	@Temperature 400 °C	@Temperature 752 °F	
	0.530 J/g-°C	0.127 BTU/lb-°F	
	@Temperature 500 °C	@Temperature 932 °F	



Thermal Properties	Metric 0.600 J/g-Å*C	English ru/lb- ŰF	Comments
	@Temperature 600 °C	@Temperature 1110 ˡF	
	10.0 W/m-K	69.4 BTU-in/hr-ft²- °F	
Thermal Conductivity	@Temperature 25.0 °C	@Temperature 77.0 °F	
	12.0 W/m-K	83.3 BTU-in/hr-ft²- °F	
	@Temperature 100 °C	@Temperature 212 °F	
	14.0 W/m-K	97.2 BTU-in/hr-ft²- °F	
	@Temperature 200 °C	@Temperature 392 °F	
	16.0 W/m-K	111 BTU-in/hr-ft²-°F	
	@Temperature 300 °C	@Temperature 572 °F	
	18.0 W/m-K	125 BTU-in/hr-ft²-°F	
	@Temperature 400 °C	@Temperature 752 °F	
	19.0 W/m-K	132 BTU-in/hr-ft²-°F	
	@Temperature 500 °C	@Temperature 932 °F	
	23.0 W/m-K	160 BTU-in/hr-ft²-°F	
	@Temperature 600 °C	@Temperature 1110 °F	
Melting Point	1332 - 1361 °C	2430 - 2482 °F	
Solidus	1332 °C	2430 °F	
Liquidus	1361 °C	2482 °F	

Component Elements Properties	Metric	English	Comments
Aluminum, Al	<= 0.40 %	<= 0.40 %	
Carbon, C	<= 0.050 %	<= 0.050 %	
Chromium, Cr	33 %	33 %	
Iron, Fe	<= 2.0 %	<= 2.0 %	
Manganese, Mn	<= 0.50 %	<= 0.50 %	
Molybdenum, Mo	8.0 %	8.0 %	
Nickel, Ni	55.5 %	55.5 %	as balance



Component Elements Properties	Metric _{1%}	English %	Comments
Electrical Properties	Metric	English	Comments
	0.000118 ohm-cm	0.000118 ohm-cm	
Electrical Resistivity	@Temperature 25.0 °C	@Temperature 77.0 °F	
	0.000119 ohm-cm	0.000119 ohm-cm	
	@Temperature 100 °C	@Temperature 212 °F	
	0.000120 ohm-cm	0.000120 ohm-cm	
	@Temperature 200 °C	@Temperature 392 °F	
	0.000121 ohm-cm	0.000121 ohm-cm	
	@Temperature 300 °C	@Temperature 572 °F	
	0.000122 ohm-cm	0.000122 ohm-cm	
	@Temperature 400 °C	@Temperature 752 °F	
	0.000124 ohm-cm	0.000124 ohm-cm	
	@Temperature 500 °C	@Temperature 932 °F	
	0.000125 ohm-cm	0.000125 ohm-cm	
	@Temperature 600 °C	@Temperature 1110 °F	

Processing Properties	Metric	English	Comments
Annealing Temperature	1120 °C	2050 °F	Followed by rapid air cooling or water quench

Descriptive Properties	Value	Comments
Thermal Diffusivity	0.028 cm ² /s	25°C
	0.031 cm ² /s	100°C
	0.034 cm ² /s	200°C
	0.038 cm ² /s	300°C
	0.042 cm ² /s	400°C
	0.045 cm ² /s	500°C
	0.048 cm ² /s	600°C



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